

A Prized Asset

Alberta Pool Elevators is the best balanced system in this province.

Alberta Pool Elevators is financially responsible in every way.

Alberta Pool Elevators has a carefully trained staff second to none in efficiency.

But their greatest asset lies in the widespread confidence Alberta grain growers have shown in

Alberta Pool Elevators

We can supply you

with the most appetizing of Cooked Meat.
Ham, Bologna, Veal Loaf, Corned Beef,
all ready for the table.
We also have the best in Fresh Beef, Pork, Lamb
First class Quality Lard always on hand

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Let Us Supply Your Radio Needs

Eveready 45 Volt B Batteries from \$2.95 to \$3.95.
Radio Tubes, 201 A P., each \$5.00.
Peanut Tubes \$3.00.

Banner Hardware

"Chemico" Deodorizer

in Rose, Lilac or Oriental Odors
For Toilets, Bathrooms, Parlors, Kitchens, Halls,
Hotels, Schools, Wardrobes, Closets, Etc.
Not a liquid. Just hang Chemico up it does the
work. A powerful and effective mothicide.

Used in Chinook Consolidated School, Chinook Hotel and
recommended by Chinook citizens who are using them
in their homes.

"Chemico," 35¢ each or 3 for \$1 F. KIMBLE, CHINOOK

Golden Wheat HARVEST DANCE

CHINOOK HOTEL BALLROOM

Wednesday, October 19th, 8 p.m.

COUPLE \$1.00 LADIES 50¢ MEN 25¢ TAX

Job Printing

in all its branches promptly and
neatly executed and at prices
that will compete with
outside firms.

Chinook Advance

Chinook Beauty Parlor

First-Class Work at
Reasonable Prices
Open for business at all times
except Mondays

Miss Mae Petersen, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

Chinook Barber Shop

Razors shined - 25¢
Scissors sharpened on rotex sharpener - 25¢
Try Booster, our guaranteed
dandruff remedy

H. W. BUTTS,
Proprietor

Send us your news items—we
are always glad to receive them.

G.B. Cons.'s Ask Gov. Protection Against Russian Imports

(By George Hambleton in Calgary Herald.)

Blackpool, Eng., Oct. 8.—Amid loud applause the closing session of the annual conference of the Conservative party on Friday urged the government to take action against the continued importation of Russian goods "which could never have been dumped at depreciated prices but for the conditions of labor which prevail nowhere in Europe outside Soviet Russia."

Honorable Locker Lampson pointed out it was the intention to ask parliament to keep Russian goods out of the country. The former Conservative minister argued that there should be a special tax on Russian goods. A motion to take such action was carried.

Help Sunshine

The public have been very kind in helping Sunshine in the past, appreciating that relief given by Sunshine is not confined to Calgary, but embraces many country towns. Conditions during the late fall and coming winter and spring will be much more serious than they were during the corresponding periods of the past twelve months.

Many persons who were formerly able to give money will be unable to do so this year. However they can help more than they may appreciate if they will donate vegetables or clothing. The call on Sunshine during the next six months will be tremendous. Other organizations have exhausted their funds and Sunshine will not have the financial resources that it had in other years.

Therefore Sunshine is inviting contributions of vegetables or clothing, or both. In the case of vegetables would it be possible for some one in town to act as Sunshine's agent, that is to receive the donations? Sunshine would arrange for transportation to Calgary, and, of course, for distribution. Last winter tons of potatoes were donated from outside points, the inspiration coming from Sunshine's friends in Cerstars, and other places following the fine example set there.

Hunter-McFayden

A very pretty wedding took place in the Anglican Church on Sunday afternoon, October 2nd, when Frances Emmeline,

Minister Attacks Ban on Transients Riding on Trains

Kingston, Oct. 8 (C.P.)—Rev. Andrew Roddan, of Vancouver, is on record today with the condemnation of a statement said to have been made in Calgary by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett to the effect that the transients were Canada's greatest social evil.

"The only crime these men have committed is that they can't get work," declared Roddan, speaking at a church banquet here Friday night.

The speaker also disapproved of the policing of trains in carrying out the orders of the Dominion government prohibiting riding on freights by transients. Contending that there was plenty of labor to be done in Canada, he urged mobilization of the unemployed in order to have this work carried out.

only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McFayden, was united in marriage to Albert John, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hunter of Coronation. The Rev. W. Attwood of Calgary, officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father entered the church to the strains of Schengrin's Wedding March played by Mrs. M. L. Thomas. He was very charming in a gown of egg shell net over shell ink crepe, and a large picture of her. She carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses.

During the signing of the register, the choir sang "O Perfect Love".

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, only immediate friends and relatives being present.

After the reception the happy couple left by motor for Chinook, where Mr. Hunter is manager of the Alberta Pacific elevator. The bride's going away costume was a brown ensemble with hat to match.

Out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Oldacre, Calgary, D. P. McFayden and Mabel, Chicago, Rev. W. and Mrs. Attwood of Calgary.

The numerous friends of the young couple wish them every happiness for the future.

Heard Around Town

The Ladies' card club met Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Hurley. Honors of the evening went to Mrs. Hurley and Mrs. Clarence Petersen. This was the last meeting of the schedule. The club meets next week at the home of Mrs. Chapman.

The monthly meeting of the

Ladies' Aid met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. E. E. Jacques. The meeting was opened by the president. The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted. A janitor was appointed at \$5.00 per month. Arrangements regarding bazaar work was discussed. There were eight members present. The hostess, Mrs. Jacques, served a very dainty lunch at the close.

The piano and violin recital given under the auspices of Chinook United Church on Wednesday evening, October 12th, in the school hall, elicited a good attendance and was a real musical treat. Miss Margaret Parsons' piano selections received keen appreciation from a critical audience, and Mr. A. E. Kirkwood on the violin gave those present a worth while musical thrill. Both artists were repeatedly encored.

Erwin Blagen has been appointed mail carrier for the Kirman district in place of Paul Serger.

Paul Seeger and family moved last week to Mrs. Gertrude Thompson's farm. Mr. Seeger will work his own land also.

Four auto loads came from Hanna to attend the concert, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. Parsons and Mr. and Mrs. C. Wylie, formerly of Chinook.

Owing to rain last Wednesday night followed by a slight snow storm threshing was delayed for a few days, however, the weather has warmed up and the few who had not finished are right on the job again.



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & A.M. meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday or after full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed. W. S. LEE, W.M., J. W. LAWRENCE, Sec.

26 Lives Lost in Alberta by Fire!

This was the Toll of Human Lives in 1931
Added to this was:—
Property loss totalling more than \$3,000,000.00
Forest Fire loss totalling more than \$800,000.00
Help Us Fight this Great Public Enemy

Some of the Causes:

- A neglected camp fire
- A settler's clearing fire
- A carelessly handled burning straw stack
- A lighted match heedlessly flung
- An improper use of gasoline and kerosene
- A yard or building full of rubbish

These and many other causes result often in fires that snuff out lives and do untold property damage.

ISSUED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF ALBERTA

Forest Service Branch, Fire Commissioner's Office,
Department of Lands Department of the Treasury
and Mines.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Ltd.



COMMENCING business in the North-West Territories in 1901—four years prior to the formation of the Province of Alberta—The Alberta Pacific Grain Company, and predecessor Companies, carries in its records a long line of service to the farmers of Alberta.

ALBERTA Grain Company, Limited, under the able management of John L. McFarland, commenced business in 1901. Total production of wheat in Western Canada in that year had reached less than 65,000,000 bushels. Under Mr. McFarland's policy of fair dealing with all farmers, the growth of his Company kept pace with increasing wheat production in the West. In 1912 Alberta Pacific Grain Company, Limited, was brought into being under guidance of Mr. McFarland, and consisted of an amalgamation of Alberta Grain Company and Alberta Pacific Elevator Company, Limited.

THE "A.P." organization continued to grow. Its elevators followed the railway construction crews into the newly cultivated areas of Alberta and extended its operations into Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

WITH the completion of the building of the Panama Canal the "A.P." became a pioneer in the movement of grain to import markets through the Western route. Terminal elevators, having a capacity of 6,250,000 bushels have been acquired by the Company at the Port of Vancouver.

THE "A.P." system has passed through the financial stress of 1907-08; the war and its aftermath; boom periods and the business upheaval of the past three years—a period of years, many of which have been obscure and filled with business uncertainties. In all its three decades of dealings with thousands of farmers and the handling of hundreds of millions of bushels of grain, the Company has never failed in an obligation to any client. Among its customers today are pioneers of Alberta who drew the first bushel of grain they produced in the Province to an "A.P." elevator.

FAIR-DEALING with its customers, coupled with competent office and field staffs; efficient physical grain handling equipment and desire and ability to return to the grower the most that can be obtained for his grain, has brought the "A.P." system from its humble beginning in 1901 to its present position in the grain trade of Canada.

THE policies of the "A.P." today are and will continue to be, those of the founder of the "A.P." system.

J. L. McFarland
GENERAL MANAGER

Outstanding Value—Always

"SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

The Price Of Wheat.

Saskatchewan is the great wheat growing province of Canada. In normal years it produces more wheat than any state in the United States, and more than one-half of all the wheat grown in Canada, and Canada is one of the great wheat exporting countries of the world. Wheat is not only the primary industry of Saskatchewan, as it is to a somewhat lesser extent of Manitoba and Alberta, it is its very life blood upon which the existence of all other business and industry depends. It is, therefore, a vitally serious matter when the price the farmer can obtain for his wheat drops below the cost of producing it, and today yields him on these prairies only some 30 odd cents a bushel. Why is this?

Dr. J. T. M. Anderson, Premier of Saskatchewan, recently stated he could see but little hope for any great improvement in the price in view of the great surpluses and in view of the fact that Germany, France, Italy and even Spain were growing sufficient for their own needs. He expressed the belief that the only remedy lay in a conference of leading wheat-growing countries of the world to arrange curtailment of production.

Mr. James G. Gardiner, leader of the opposition in the Saskatchewan Legislature, has in speeches delivered by him, outlined the reason why these European countries, which formerly were large importers of Canada's wheat are now producing sufficient for their own needs. He has pointed out that it is not because it is economically profitable for them to do so; quite the reverse is true. France today is devoting lands to the growing of wheat which formerly grew grapes to be made into wine, and which if still devoted to vineyards would yield larger profits. Germany likewise is devoting large acreages to wheat growing that had been and formerly were put to much more profitable purposes. The same is true of Italy, Spain, and other European countries. And the question persists: Why?

The reason is: Fear. And it is the only reason. The nations of Europe are still suspicious of each other; each convinced that others have designs upon them and only await a favorable opportunity to wage war upon them. The world could disarm tomorrow if it were not for the prevailing fear in the minds, not of statesmen alone, but of all the people of Europe. They expect another war and are preparing for it; hence they will not disarm, but are strengthening their positions in every way they can.

And when war comes, as they are convinced it will come sooner or later, the resisting power of any country will depend upon the degree to which it can feed its own people. Germany learned that great lesson in 1914-18. The people of France can live without grapes and wine, but not without bread, so former vineyards are now given over to growing wheat and other grains; in Germany century-old forests have become wheat fields and the production of less essential things have been discontinued for wheat growing; Russia is putting forth almost super-human efforts to raise enormous quantities of wheat to sell abroad in order that it may buy back machinery, electrical equipment, chemicals, minerals of all kinds, and thus create enormous industries which can, when required, be converted into munition plants. The men on the large state farms in Russia who are operating farm tractors are, at the same time, being taught the mechanism of tanks for war purposes so they will be trained and ready to switch from the tractor to the tank. The same thing in varying degrees is taking place in all continental European countries.

It is all a price exacted by "Fear," and the nations are prepared to pay the price of heavy losses sustained by the conversion of lands to wheat growing which could much more profitably be utilized for other purposes. As a result, Europe no longer needs to import quantities of wheat, and the prairie provinces of Canada, whose primary business is wheat, and the old markets upon which they relied closed to them, and themselves in the position of being unable to sell at a price which will cover the cost of production, let alone yield a profit.

The Canadian people themselves cannot change this condition; it cannot be done by moving our Customs tariff up or down; or by inflation of currency; or by nationalization of banks, socialization of industry, writing off of debts and interest charges, because, if the prairie farmer was freed of all debt today he would begin getting into debt again tomorrow if he went on producing wheat which he could not sell except at a price below what it had cost him to produce.

The main cause of our financial and economic difficulties in Western Canada today is the fundamental one of "Fear." If it were not for dissipated and confidence re-established, European countries would discontinue non-profitable wheat growing and go back to the production of those things which would yield them more substantial returns; they would again buy wheat instead of raising it, and would be able to pay a good price for it out of the profits derived from the production and sale of those things they can produce, and formerly did produce, to better advantage than other countries. What can Canadians do in the matter? Only this: Resist every tendency in the direction of a narrow nationalism, and encourage a broad internationalism, because extreme nationalistic feelings and ambitions on the part of one nation develop fear and a like feeling in all other nations. Every line a racial or religious prejudice is emphasized, fear is raised in the minds of some. Whenever one nation seeks to advance its own interests at the expense of another nation, suspicions are aroused and fear grows. One reacts upon another, and suspicion, antagonisms and fear grow like mushrooms in the dark.

The world is paying an awful price because it is filled with "Fear." Let us help both nationally and in our daily individual thought and actions to dissipate it.

Has Taken Long Time

A compact volume, containing all the building laws of the city of Montreal, will be issued shortly. The book, first modeled in 1886, drafted in 1910 and to see the light of day 22 years later, is said to be a first step towards a drastic town planning programme. S. Fortin, city expert, has devoted his whole time this year to compilation of the manual.

Prince Of Wales Thoughtful

Royal courtesy is always apparent in the conduct of the Prince of Wales. During a hot spell, recently, when the sun was blazing on the sentry's beat at York House, the Prince, noticing this, suggested to the Officer of the Guard that, for the time being, the sentry might transfer his beat to the other side of the court, where there was some shade.

Pains In Stomach and Bowels So Bad Would Have To Sit Down



Mrs. C. Landry, Montreal, N.B., writes:—"I can testify to the fact that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for cramps or pains in the stomach and bowels."

"Last Summer I had such awful pains in my stomach, and lower part of my bowels, at times, I would have to sit down. I took 'Dr. Fowler's' and was soon relieved."

"When my children were small I always kept a bottle in the house and it helped them wonderfully whenever they had bowel complaints."

Record Hard To Equal

Newspaper Correspondent Wrote Out Long Speech From Memory Discussing newspapermen with prodigious memories W. Orton Tewson, the English writer who lives in New York and writes a column of anecdotes, says that Stephen de Blowitz, famed Paris correspondent of The London Times in the seventies, broke all records. According to the story J. T. Delane, editor of the Times, had been visiting Paris and with de Blowitz heard the French Minister of Foreign Affairs deliver a long and important speech in the Chamber. There were no arrangements for reporting such matters in those days. Delane remarked to de Blowitz, as he was taking a train for London: "If we could have that speech from end to end in tomorrow morning's paper, what a glorious thing it would be." After his editor departed de Blowitz reasoned he could remember the speech, word for word. He wrote it out and cabled it, and Delane found it in the columns of the Times when he reached London. It was an accurate report.

NOT A PAIN AT 78

She Feels Like 48

Aches and pains are not inevitable in old age. When they do come, there is always a cause for them—a cause that can be overcome. Here is a little lesson on growing old, by a woman of 78—"For the last five years I have taken Kruschen Salts and I tell you truthfully I could not live without them. I am 78 years old. I have not a pain in my body, and I feel as young as I did at 48. I give the credit to Kruschen Salts. No one will believe my age."—(Mrs. C. M.) Most people grow old long before their time because they neglect one vital need of health—the need for internal cleanliness. Eventually they start the healthy Kruschen habit. Then, probably for the first time in their lives, they start getting rid every day of all waste matter from the system. And almost immediately they feel their youth has returned; they feel energetic and happy. In a word, they've got that famous "Kruschen Feeling."

Interior Of Earth

Interests Scientists

Find Ocean Tides Disturb Cut For Six Miles Inland

Fresh evidence that scientific investigation again has taken a perpendicular course comes with the announcement by two men in California that the push and pull of ocean tides disturb the earth's crust for a distance of six miles inland. Recently scientific interest turned to the stratosphere, with the ascent of Professor Piccard; now it is directed toward the interior of the earth. Since the discovery in California was more or less accidental, being made in connection with other experiments, further observations will be required to reveal its full import. These will be made next winter.

Western Canada Flowers

Manitoba Ships Lily Bulbs To The Old Country

Frank L. Skinner, of the Hardy Plant Nurseries, Dropmore, Man., who made several shipments of lily bulbs to the Old Country and all parts of Canada has recently received a letter from W. V. Constable, Kent, England, specialist in lilies and rare bulbs that he had received favorable comments concerning his lily from various enthusiasts who saw his spike at the R.H.S. show and also from Abbe Souillet, in France, who was particularly struck with the bulb. Constable is preparing these lily bulbs to be shown at the lily conference in London next year.

If Miller's Worm Powders needed the support of testimonials they could be got from mothers who know the great virtue of this excellent medicine. But the powders will speak for themselves and in such a way that there can be no question of them. They act speedily and thoroughly, and the child to whom they are administered will show improvement from the first dose.

Detects Counterfeit Coin

Attila Somlay, Hungarian actor, has invented an apparatus by which, he claims, one can easily detect counterfeit coins, even when such coins contain a liberal quantity of the more valuable metals and alloys. One such apparatus is now being tested by the Hungarian National Bank and another by the post administration.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is recommended for sore necks, galls, distemper, calouses and sprains. Removes proud flesh, soothes Hoof Rot, Stops bleeding instantly.

About nine-tenths of the coal mined in Bulgaria is produced by the state-owned colliery at Pernik.

PACKS RIGHT

LIGHTS RIGHT

BURNS RIGHT

IN YOUR PIPE

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

If you "roll your own," use Ogdens' fine cut cigarette tobacco.

Task For Scotland Yard

British Police Trying To Discover Agents Of Drug Ring

Six women prominent in British society, wealthy, glamorous, and splendidly gowned, are being watched day and night by Scotland Yard as the alleged chief agents of a drug ring supplying Mafair with thousands of dollars' worth of narcotics. So far the women have thwarted efforts of the police to get the conclusive evidence demanded by the English courts.

The six women entertain and move freely in the titled circles of London's west end.

Hannan Swaffer, noted dramatic critic and London columnist, claims to have been at several Mafair parties where a secret traffic in narcotics was taking place. "There is a drug racket which spreads from the heart of Piccadilly through the great boulevards of Paris and right across Europe into Asia," he wrote recently.

Turkey is said to be the chief source of the narcotics, which are brought across the Syrian desert to the small port of El Kantara, on the Suez Canal.

Structure Of The Atom

Photograph Perplexes Noted Scientists And Upsets Theories

A single photograph, perplexes noted scientists recently and amazes theories regarding the structure of the atom.

The photograph, one of 10,000 made by Dr. Carl D. Anderson, California Institute of Technology graduate, shows the tracks left in vapor by particles blasted out of the hearts of atoms of cosmic rays.

The probable interpretation of this track, scientists who viewed the photograph at a meeting of the astronomy and Physics Club stated, is that it was made by a positively charged atomic particle out of line with previous atomic conceptions.

For many years, physicists have based their picture of the atom on the theory that the mass of a proton, one of the positively charged particles in the nucleus or heart of the atom, was more than 1,000 times that of an electron, one of the negatively charged particles which fly about the nucleus.

Reach Working Agreement

Saskatchewan and Alberta Co-Operate In Workmen's Compensation Payments

Coming into effect January 1 next, the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta have reached a working agreement covering payments under the workmen's compensation board, to employees from one province receiving injuries in the other province. A similar agreement with the province of Manitoba has been in effect for about a year.

According to the terms of the agreement with Alberta, published in the Saskatchewan Gazette, should a Saskatchewan workman, whose work takes him to Alberta receive injuries, requiring compensation, in Alberta, the Saskatchewan board pays the compensation, and vice versa.

Directions Written In Chinese

Answer To Simple Inquiry Has Regina Man Guessing

Arthur Roberts, Regina's rat catching expert thinks the Chinese Government owes him an apology. Rat catching became a problem to him, so hearing that they had effective methods over in the Orient, he wrote the Nanking Government.

Back came an epistle addressed to the director of the health department, Regina, Kanad, U.S.A.

Mr. Roberts opened it and out came yards and yards of tissue paper containing piles upon piles of Chinese hieroglyphics in long vertical rows. Mr. Roberts scratched his head and pondered. He still thinks an apology should come. An interpreter was trying to put him right.

Persian Balm is the one true family aid for skin health and beauty. Aids the mother in additional loveliness. Protects the tender skin of the child. Delights the father as a hair fixative or cooling shaving lotion No matter to what use it is put, it is always beneficial to the skin. Every woman should use it. Persian Balm cools and caresses the skin and creates complexion of surpassing loveliness.

Brothers Widely Separated

Charles Grant of Loveland, Colorado, one of three brothers, triplets born in Scotland, recently celebrated his 52nd birthday. The other brothers, James and John, live in Australia and Hong Kong, China, respectively.

The complete opening of a rice flower has been known to take place in 20 seconds. The bloom lasts from two to three hours.

Husband (arriving home late)—"Can't you guess where I've been?" Wife—"I can; but go on with your story."

Woolen Mill For Alberta

Prospects Bright For Establishment Of One In Calgary

A recent announcement indicated that prospects are bright for the establishment of a woolen mill in Calgary. As Alberta annually produces about 3,500,000 pounds of wool, and as a fair-sized woolen mill operates at a capacity of some 500,000 pounds of wool in the grease, and a large mill from 1,000,000 pounds upwards, it is obvious that the annual wool clip in this province is keeping several large mills outside the province busy. The woolen industry, as distinct from others, enjoys perhaps the longest economic life of all industries for the reason that it is not extractive in the sense that other industries exhaust the sources of their raw material. Many woolen mills have been in existence a century in the same location. Hence the establishment of an up-to-date woolen mill in Calgary infers the establishment of a basic industry whose life, under proper conditions, should continue for generations. —Calgary Herald.

To End Custom Frauds

Steps Are Taken To Copo With Customs Revenue Irregularities

"The Dominion Department of National Revenue has announced a new move to end commercial frauds in connection with customs revenue," the Toronto Globe says.

"As a result of the transfer of the duties of the former customs excise preventive service to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, a special branch for the investigation of all commercial frauds has been formed and will operate under the direction of the chief inspector of customs and excise."

"Officers engaged in this work are now located in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver," the paper says. "The Toronto staff is under the direction of G. E. M. Hunter, who has been transferred from Ottawa in charge of the work."

Freedom From Asthma. Asthma Is

one of the most distressing troubles, sudden in its attacks and prolonged in its agonies. Frequently many things are tried, but nothing seems to give hope of relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is the one help which can be depended upon if you have tried other remedies without success, do not fail to get at once a package of this uniformly successful preparation.

This Invention Is Different

Mercury Lamp Lures Mosquitoes To Death In Swarms

Catching mosquitoes by the pound has now been made possible by means of inventions perfected and put on exhibition at the 30th Concorde Exposition, at Paris, France. Testing out the contraptions, an expedition of mosquito catchers set out for the Camargue Plain, at the mouth of the Rhone River, near Marseilles. One apparatus is said to have trapped five pounds of unwary mosquitoes within 60 minutes. In its agencies, a powerful mercury lamp, which attracts the hithers in swarms, only to be killed, upon arriving, by a powerful insecticide, and collected in a tray.

The dove of peace, apparently, does more billing than cooling.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

STOP HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

Great Britain Is Only Country In The World To Take Her Tariff Out Of Politics

Unlike every other country in the world Great Britain has taken her tariff out of politics. Day by day, the "Advisory Committee of Tariffs" is in session, under the chairmanship of Sir George May, the well known business man whose economy report a year ago was the cause of the crisis which set up the National Government.

With him sit the other two members of the committee, Sir Sidney Chapman and Sir George Powell. They perform a function usually assumed by a government itself, report independently to the government and are now engaged in building a tariff in a way tariffs have never before.

The committee has full power to investigate any tariff already in existence. One of their early acts was to reduce the import duties on certain woollen schedules from 40 to 10 per cent. They issued this order overnight, and it was promptly implemented by the government.

The procedure is for it to conduct its inquiry in whatever way suits it best. It may hear pleas from industry. It may investigate without prompting. It may call witnesses to produce whatever information it desires. It ends by issuing a report to the British treasury. On receipt of this report it is published without undue delay. It then rests with the government whether or not to implement that recommendation. The government may refuse to act. But the government has denied itself the power to pass higher duties than those recommended by the committee. It may, on the other hand, pass lower duties.

If any industry feels the duty recommended is too low, the government refuses to hear the case. The industry must appear again before the committee and prove its point. Not everyone may appear before the committee. That is, representatives of the public at large have not the right. Any industry may appear, or any merchant or dealer in any commodity. It is hoped, in this way, that the consumers will receive due attention from the committee. The case of British industry, the pressure of exporting interests are so strong that demands from industrialists for more and more protection are at once countered by the export traders, who appear before the committee to show proof that if the duties are raised, their ability to compete in the world market will vanish. For this reason, the committee's functions have, since it was set last, been largely that of a court of conciliation where conflicting claims are fought out and a balance struck.

So pleased is the government with the functioning of the board that the British delegation at the Imperial Conference pressed hard for the establishment in every dominion of a similar tariff board. One of the proper functioning of these boards, the British delegation planned their faith for the implementing of the agreement calling for the institution of competitive tariffs throughout the British Empire, e.g. tariffs fixed at a level at which efficient industry would be protected from unfair competition from outside.

Funny Or Agricultural
The Empire Marketing Board tells us that "Of the 250 million pigs in the world only 12 per cent are Empire pigs. The Empire has, however, more than a third of the goats." It is difficult to know whether the Board is being funny or agricultural, says the Winnipeg Free Press.

Guest (to the rich hostess):—"Was your house ever robbed?"
Multi-Millionaire:—"Well, it may have been, but of course, we would not notice it."



Doctor: "No wine, no theatres, eat little, spend a lot of time in bed, and get as much amusement as possible."
—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1933

Britain Likely To Capture Toy Market

Has Started Manufacturing and Orders Are Pouring In
Up till recently nearly all the moderately-priced clockwork toys in which children delight were of foreign manufacture.

Now, thanks to the new tariff of twenty-five per cent on foreign toys, Britain has gone out to capture the toy market. A big manufacturing firm has laid down plant costing £30,000. They are preparing 2,000,000 articles for the Christmas market, and expect to double output the following year. It has meant employment for 500 people, and another 1,000 are to be taken on if hopes are realized. Everything is made under the same roof, from clockwork mechanism to packing cases. The articles, though cheaper now than American and German toys, are very much superior. The clock motor-cars run at least 50 feet farther than their rivals at one winding; while the better models are fitted with electric light, a windscreen wiper that wipes, and an indicator that really indicates. A tank after the approved War Office pattern climbs undaunted over telephone directories, and always surmounts the inkwell with ease. Already orders are pouring in.



(By Ruth Rogers)



IT'S SIMPLICITY ITSELF TO MAKE THIS CHARMING DAY DRESS

Here's an individual dress you'll just love for its interesting details. It's cut rather along slenderizing lines, making it equally suited for the miss or the matron.

The draped treatment of the bodice is very smart. And don't you think the puffed sleeves, lightened at the wrists adorable?
A satin crepe is stunning for to fashion it.
You can also use rough crepe silk, which is extremely voguish. Wool crepe would also prove a charming medium.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

.....

.....

.....

ALL QUIET ON THE BRITISH CABINET FRONT



King George hurried to London from Balmoral Castle, Scotland, and all Cabinet Ministers and heads of the various parties in the British House of Commons were prepared for the split which severed three important Cabinet Ministers from the flock. Sir Herbert Samuel, leader of one Liberal faction, resigned, as did Sir Archibald Sinclair and Lord Snowden. Their places were immediately filled, however, and the so-called smash-up died a natural death. MacDonald satisfied Sir John Simon and his Liberal supporters by handing out some of the vacant posts to Simon Liberals and Stanley Baldwin took over Lord Snowden's position as Lord Privy Seal. Just what part His Majesty played in the scene is not, and perhaps will never be, known, but the Government breach was soon healed.

Business Pays Debts

Creates Necessary Relationship Between Debtor and Creditor

No debts are ever paid except by willing, healthy debtors, and no force known to human technique can make a one-sided bargain sound. It is the very basis of capitalist enterprise that the debtor's interest must coincide with the creditor's; that the debtor must also benefit by the debt he owes to his creditor. Otherwise the capitalist loses his money. When debts are artificially created by politicians of one country who simply demand large payments from the politicians of another country to pay for such trumped-up absurdities as wars, of course the thing ends in smoke. Business, not politics, is the only motive that can create the necessary relationship between debtor and creditor.

Sarcastic But Polite

A constable stepped out at the end of the police trap. "Excuse me, sir," he said, producing his notebook, "but you have exceeded the speed limit over a measured piece of road."
"I've done nothing of the sort," retorted the motorist, "and besides—"
"Well, sir, if you don't believe me, you can ask the sergeant, as it was him who took the time. He's over by the pig-sty yonder."
"I wouldn't trouble him for worlds," was the acid reply. "I'd sooner pay five times than disturb the sergeant at his meals."

All fishes apparently contain iodine, usually a minute quantity.

Science Should Be Cautious

Knowledge Of Vitamin May Complicate Problem Of Growing Old

News that vitamin "G" may be obtained in common foods adds grave implications to the discovery that this vitamin is capable of lengthening youth. Knowledge that tomatoes, spinach, liver, yeast and other foods contain this peculiar property is likely to complicate rather than simplify one of the greatest problems of life—that of growing old.
Although specific use of this vitamin has not been developed fully, its discoverer asserts that it promises "lengthened youth for the human race." Should science persist in carrying its discoveries to their logical extremes, they may prove a double-edged sword to mankind.

How long, for example, should a man be permitted to prolong his youth? Is there not danger that feminine requests for spinach would amount to confessions of approaching old age? What is to become of the machinery and methods of face lifting and hair dyeing? Would not men (eign youth merely to escape their daily portion of spinach? What if a dietetic interpretation of history showed that lack of vitamin "G" prompted the famous quest of Ponce de Leon?

Science, if it is wise, will avoid extremes. It would be a grave mistake to make the sunset of life no more mysterious than a window pane.

Boycott activities are being continued in Central and South China.



SWORD-SWALLOWER: "I've bin an' seen the doctor, sir, an' he says I've to go on a special diet."
SHOW MANAGER: "What does he recommend—razor-blades?"—The Humorist, London.

Hon. Herbert Marler Sees A Big Potential Market In The Orient For Canadian Wheat

Canada Produces Prize Celery

Dominion Product Ranks First Among Nations Of World

Everyone knows that Canadian hard wheat sets the standard by which all other wheats are judged. Few realize that as a producer of prize celery Canada also ranks first among the nations of the world, states the Market Intelligence Service of the Dominion Trade Branch.

Proof of the superior quality of Canadian grown celery is found in every grocery or fruit and vegetable store. Fresh young stalks, straight from the celery-growing areas of the Dominion, are reaching the market in quantity and although the quality is exceptional, prices are very reasonable.

In choosing her celery, the housewife would do well to keep the following facts in mind. Always look for stalks that are well bleached, with a good solid heart foundation. Stems should be succulent and snap readily when bent. Avoid stems that are flat and thin, as they are often stringy. Celery that is green and poorly bleached usually lacks flavor. Stalks that are badly split at the base should never be purchased.

With Canadian celery so plentiful, this delightful vegetable should have an important place in the diet of every household. It provides an excellent appetizer and side dish and because of its mineral content is ideal for purifying the blood and lending general tone to the whole system.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Canada Stands Third In Silver Production

And British Columbia Is Now Leading All Provinces

The Canadian silver production in 1931 was approximately 20½ million ounces, or 10.5 per cent of the world's computed production of 196 million ounces. Canada has for many years ranked third amongst the silver-producing countries of the world, being exceeded by Mexico and the United States, the former contributing about 42 per cent and the latter about 22 per cent annually to the world's total production.

The silver mines of Cobalt and adjoining areas in Northern Ontario were for many years the principal sources of the Canadian production, but their output in recent years has shown a gradual decline. Important contributions to Canada's silver production are now being made by mines in the Noranda district of the Province of Quebec and in the Flin Flon district of the Province of Manitoba. The Yukon Territory has for several years been producing annually about four million ounces of silver, derived from the argentiferous lead ores of the Mayo district.

British Columbia is now the leading silver-producing province in the Dominion, having contributed about 39 per cent of the total production in 1931. The silver is obtained mainly as a by-product in the treatment of the lead-zinc ores from the well-known mine at Kimberley.

Two Dozen For One

Farmer Found Others Had Lost Pail In Well

G. F. Warford of Hancock, Maine, lost a pail in his well. He had been on this farm only since the "back to the country" movement started, and he needed that pail. He started to grapple for it. The first try he hooked a pail, but it wasn't the one he lost, so he tried again, and twenty-four times he tried and each time he brought up a pail that he had never seen before, and the last try brought him up the pail he had lost. Twenty of the pails were better than the original one he fished for.

School Children Help

The emergency conservation committee of the Toronto Local Council of Women is richer by 4,000 bottles of preserved grapes presented by school children of the city. The children did much of the preserving themselves in the domestic science centres of their schools.

Government mines in Sumatra are producing the best coal in the Netherlands Indies.

The first permanent tooth to make its appearance in the mouth is the six-year molar.

There never was in the world two opinions alike.

Lack of initiative to look for foreign markets for their products by Canadian wheat growers and millers, in particular, is deplored by Hon. Herbert Marler, Minister for Canada in Japan.

"In my opinion the grain growers should have an expert stationed at Shanghai all the time to investigate the possibilities of selling Canadian grain," declared Mr. Marler. "Ten years ago China imported 53,000 tons of wheat; a few years later she imported 377,000 tons, and the amount in succeeding years varied, but in 1931, China imported the stupendous amount of 1,500,000 tons. In the first four months of this year she imported 600,000 tons of wheat."

"The percentage of Canadian wheat imported by Japan and China has been steadily diminishing instead of the percentage remaining stable or going up."

"Investigation should be made by grain growers and millers as to the possibility of selling far more of our grain and flour to China."

"When we secure our place in those markets," said Mr. Marler, "we must see that a steady supply of the products is sent out or we cannot hope to have stable markets in the Orient or anywhere else."

"The minister of trade and commerce, Hon. Harry Stevens, has done and is doing all in his power to assist the export trade of Canada," declared the minister.

"In addition to markets for our wheat and flour there are vast opportunities in the way of our paper products in the Orient, as well as canned milk, apples and such like," said Mr. Marler. "But all these require investigation because the market of the Orient is a competitive market and will not come to Canada, but Canada must go after it."

"Our organization in the Far East is in excellent shape. In fact, it may be said to be quite the equal of any other country.—Free Press.

Word Now Recognized

"Appendicitis" Omitted From First Volume Of Oxford Dictionary

In the course of his Bellingbrooke lecture dealing with "the surgical revolution," Sir Humphry Rolleston said: "The word 'appendicitis,' much criticized as a barbarous hybrid of Latin and Greek terminology, is was constructed by R. H. Fitz, of Boston, Mass., in 1886. It does not appear in the first volume of the Oxford Dictionary; the editor, Sir James A. Murray, said that when that volume of the dictionary was in course of preparation (1893) he consulted a regius professor of medicine, and was informed that it was not necessary to include it, as the disease was very rare."

"Although it had been described many years before, by James Parkinson in 1812, by John Burne in 1836, by Thomas Hodgkin in the same year, and by Thomas Addison in 1839, appendicitis was not generally recognized until influenza reappeared in this country in 1889; it was then called perityphlitis, a term dating from 1843, and entered in a subsequent volume (1905) of the Oxford Dictionary with a reference to appendicitis."

Photos Of Submerged City

Remains Can Be Seen Beneath Level Of Sea

Photographs are being taken of the submerged city of Jamestown, once the capital of Nova Scotia, on an island in the West Indies. The remains of the city may be seen near the shore, beneath the level of the sea. Jamestown was visited by an earthquake on April 30, 1690, and the town slipped into the sea, carrying with it all its riches and a population estimated at 14,000.

More than 20,000,000 square feet of sheep and lamb leather was produced in Spain in the last year.



Hotel Thief: "Too late, he has already paid his bill."—Jugend, Munich.

**Stubborn Colds
are Dangerous**

Take
**SCOTT'S
EMULSION**
of Norwegian
Cod Liver Oil

To Build Resistance
Easy to Digest

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Ontario command Canadian Legion favors a five-day week and six-hour day.

The American Journal of Cancer reports cancer is not increasing among younger persons in Canada.

Steam from wells 900 feet deep will soon be running powerful electric dynamos in Italy.

British army bands have been forbidden to march in procession with dogs that have won races.

Col. James S. Harvey, 60, who left Canada from Vancouver with a draft of 25 men for the Princess Pats in 1915, is dead.

British Columbia will spend \$4,500,000 for relief, one-third each from the federal government and municipalities.

The Calgary and Edmonton branches of the Alberta Bar Association favor a voluntary debt adjustment scheme to avert a possible general moratorium.

Latest figures compiled placed the number of dead in the recent Gremlin earthquakes at 232 and the damages at \$2,200,000. The number of injured was placed at 360.

Iraq recently became a member of the League of Nations October 3, and at the same time attained sovereign independent statehood by release from its status as a mandate.

Belief that California some 50,000,000 years ago was the site of the North Pole was expressed by H. F. Cowden, geologist and scientist, who said his study of the state's petrified forest convinced him that in an age to come it would find itself in the tropics.

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Older Than Royal Scots

Honorable Artillery Company Dates Back Officially To 1557

The Honorable Artillery Company, which is brigaded with the Guards and has a Guards adjutant and R.S.M., is a Territorial corps d'élite, though you might not have guessed it, from mere outward appearances, if you had run up against them at Wipers in 1916. Though placed now only fourth on the parade order of the British Army, the H.A.C. dates back officially to Henry VIII's charter in 1537, and can quite fairly claim, through descent from London's famous trained bands, an older ancestry still. For this reason all H.A.C. bloods hold that the Royal Scots, known as Pontius Pilate's bodyguard and officially the oldest regiment in the British Army, are mere babes and military sucklings compared with themselves. Full privates pay a guinea a year for the privilege of marching with the H.A.C.

Turns To Old Profession

One Of Germany's Unemployed Is Public Story-Teller

The old profession of public story-teller, common before the spread of learning and the invention of printing, has been revived as a means of livelihood by one of Berlin's unemployed army.

Theodore Lenge, known to his customers as "Uncle Edwin," sits all day in the Litzensee Park and tells tales of fairies and adventures to the children that gather round him. He charges from 6 to 15 cents for each story, according to length. His repertoire consists of hundreds of stories.

"It was uphill work at the start, getting a clientele," he says. "But now that the parents trust me and the children know my stories are good ones, I have more work than I can do. Often I have to go without lunch rather than disappoint the children who have waited a long time to hear their favorite tale."

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



(By Ruth Rogers)



A PRACTICAL BLOOMER OUTFIT FOR TINY GIRLS WHO LOVE TO ROMP ABOUT

If tiny daughter is wanting some new sturdy outfit for playtime, here is a cute bloomer dress.

Mother will love it too. It's so quickly fashioned.

It's very pretty carried out in flowered dimity, candy striped batiste, dotted cotton voile or plain pastel gingham. The cute collar may be of white self-fabric or in shade to tone with the print of plain material.

For later wear when long sleeves are desired, the miniature views show the pattern provides for same. Chalk prints, wool jersey and cotton broadcloth prints are smart.

Style No. 691 is designed for sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 2½ yards of 35-inch material with ¾ yard of 32-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

BRITISH FILMS



Though there are Australian, South African and other Dominion players in British film studios, Barry Jones and Maurice Colbourne seem, with the exception of Raymond Massey, to be the nearest thing to Canadian representation. Their arrangements with producers call for time out for at least one trip to Canada each year. They are shown here with Anne Grey, during the filming of the first full length Shaw picture, "Arms and the Man" which was largely directed by G. B. S. himself.

Vital Statistics

Saskatchewan Had Lowest Maternal Mortality In Canada In 1931

The preliminary annual report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the year 1931 has now been compiled and has come to hand. Commenting upon the information contained therein regarding the Province of Saskatchewan, Honourable F. D. Munroe, M.D., Minister of Public Health, stated as follows:

"The outstanding feature contained in the preliminary vital statistics report just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the year 1931, insofar as this province is concerned, is that Saskatchewan, for the first time in its history, leads all Canada in lowest maternal mortality—the rate being 4.4 per 1,000 live births, as compared with 5.0 for the whole Dominion. In view of the fact that for many years Saskatchewan had the highest mortality rate in this regard in the Dominion, and taking into consideration also the general economic situation existing throughout the province, as well as the adverse conditions in the drought areas, this achievement is significant.

"In Saskatchewan in 1931 there were 93 maternal deaths. Of this number 60 occurred in hospitals. Of the 33 deaths which took place outside of hospitals, 31 were attended by physicians, so that only 2 out of 93 cases were without medical attention.

"While infant mortality for the year 1931 shows an improvement of three points over the previous year, this province still has the fourth highest infant mortality rate. The general rate for the Dominion is 84.8 per 1,000 live births, while for Saskatchewan it is 69.0.

"The general death rate for Saskatchewan is lower than in 1930, the rate being 6.8 per 1,000 of population, which is the lowest in the history of the province since 1915. The rate for the Dominion is 10.1.

"The number of deaths from tuberculosis shows a marked decrease over 1930, the rate having decreased from 46.1 per 100,000 of population in 1930 to 36.0 in 1931. The rate for the Dominion is 74.0.

"The cancer death rate in Saskatchewan for the year 1931 is 63.0 per

100,000 of population; this is an increase over the rate of 54.0 in 1930. The rate for the Dominion is 82.0. Saskatchewan has the second lowest death rate from cancer, Alberta being the lowest, with a rate of 60.0.

"This province shows an improvement in the death rate from diseases of the heart—the rate being 71.0 in 1931, as compared with 73.8 in 1930. Ontario has the highest rate, namely, 169, while the general death rate from heart diseases for the Dominion is 132.

"The number of deaths caused by automobile accidents last year was lower in Saskatchewan than in any other province, the rate being 5.0. Ontario had the highest rate—17.0—and British Columbia took second place with a rate of 16.0.

"Of all the provinces of Canada Quebec had the greatest natural increase, namely, 17.1 per 1,000 population; Saskatchewan coming second with a rate of 16.5.

"The birth rate for the province of Saskatchewan indicates a decrease of 1.3 points in 1931 over 1930, the rate for 1931 being 23.1 per 1,000 population. The birth rate for the whole Dominion is 23.2, and Saskatchewan holds fourth highest place in this regard. The three Maritime provinces show an increase in the birth rate, but in all others it is lower than in the previous year.

"It will be seen, therefore, that in the nine different sections contained in the preliminary report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, which is regarded as the barometer of public health in Canada, Saskatchewan holds premier place in five: that is to say, she has—

(a) The lowest general death rate.

(b) The lowest tuberculosis death rate.

(c) The lowest maternal mortality.

(d) The lowest death rate from diseases of the heart.

(e) The lowest death rate from automobile accidents.

"In two sections this province holds second place, namely, in the natural increase rate, and in the cancer death rate. Saskatchewan takes fourth place in the birth rate and fifth in infant mortality."

Japan's rayon trade is improving.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON OCTOBER 16

THE HOME OF THE COMING GENERATION

Golden Text: "Train up a child in the way he should go; and even when he is old he will not depart from it."—Proverbs 22:6

Lesson: Genesis 18:17-19; Deuteronomy 6:4-9; 1 Samuel 1:24-28; Mark 10:13-16; 2 Timothy 1:3-6.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 128.

Explanations and Comments

The Training Of Children In the Home, Genesis 18:17-19.—Abraham is standing on an eminence overlooking the valley that stretches to the Dead Sea. Before him are the rich and evil cities of the Plain, Sodom and Gomorrah; and it is the eve of their destruction. God is represented as soliloquizing and giving expression to the chief cause for His deciding to take Abraham into His confidence and reveal to him His intention and show him His justice. As the founder of a great nation it is best that Abraham should understand God's dealing with men.

God unfolds His purposes to those who keep His commandments; obedience is the mother of insight.—Alexander MacLaren.

God had entered into close relations with Abraham in order that he should train his children and his household so that they, too, should deal righteously and justly even as did Jehovah, and thus Abraham through his descendants would become a blessing to all mankind.

"God's ideal nation starts with the home, with the father walking in the way of the Lord to do justice and judgment, and his children and his household following after him. Home authority and home example are expressed in the words, 'He will command his children and his household after him.' The most dangerous sign of the times is the neglect of home life and the growing disrespect of children for parents."

The Teaching Of Children In the Home, Deuteronomy 6:4-9.—This passage the Jews call "Shema," from the first word of verse 4 in Hebrew, translated "Hear." The first and great commandment (Matthew 22:36) follows and then the duty of remembering these words and of teaching them to children is stressed. The words shall be upon one's heart, shall make so deep an impression upon one that they influence one's life; they must be taught to the children, made a matter of conversation everywhere and at all times, "pricked in" by repetition and emphasis."

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

BROWNIES

- ¾ cup special cake flour, sifted.
- ¼ teaspoon baking powder.
- ¾ cup butter or other shortening.
- 2 squares unsweetened chocolate, melted.
- 1 cup sugar.
- 2 eggs, well beaten.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.
- ¾ cup walnut meats, chopped.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and sift again. Add butter to chocolate and blend. Combine sugar and eggs; add chocolate mixture, beating thoroughly, then flour, vanilla and nuts. Pour into two greased pans, 8 x 8 x 2 inches, and bake in moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit) 35 minutes. Cut in squares before removing from pan. Makes 50 brownies.

PEANUT-BUTTER CUTLETS

- 1½ cup peanut-butter.
- 1½ cup hot milk.
- 1 teaspoon salt.
- 6 half-inch slices of bread.

Pepper.

Mix peanut-butter with hot milk and seasoning, mixing together thoroughly. Dip slices of bread into the peanut-butter mixture, Saute in hot fat. Garnish with pickles and olives.

A tennis racket a half century old is still used in tournaments in London, England. The racket, now owned by J. L. Strachan, has never been restrung.

A new Russian factory near Leningrad is to produce typewriters in large quantities.

Demand for cheaper footwear is lowering the quality of Germany's output.

One of nature's oddities is the Volvox, a minute fresh-water organism that is both plant and ant mal.

PURELY VEGETABLE

The best thing you can buy

for BILIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHES

Sold everywhere in 25c and 75c red pkg.

CARTER'S LITTLE PILLS

bilious?

Don't delay! Relieve congested bowels of poisonous waste. Take ENO'S and every morning.

TAKE ENO'S FRUIT SALT

U.S. State Department Issues Useful Pamphlet

Contains Location and Proper Spelling Of Foreign Places

A pamphlet designed to teach Americans how to spell the names of foreign cities and countries correctly has been issued by the state department.

Compiled by the United States Geographic Board, the report gives the proper spellings, location and brief additional information relating to nearly 2,500 of the more important names of foreign countries, cities, provinces, rivers and other natural features.

It states the proper way to spell Tokyo is Tokyo and not Tokio, that Yugoavien, not Yugoavien, is the correct English spelling of the name of that Balkan country, and that the word Capetown should be joined together and not spelled Cape Town.

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You can cook 3 vegetables AT ONCE

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GANAPAR

Do each vegetable up in its own bag of Ganapar Cookery Parchment. There won't be any odor, not even from cauliflower. All the food value and flavor will be retained. And you use only one burner turned low for cooking. The flavors will not mix!

Do the same with boiled or steamed fish. You'll be delighted with the results. No fishy odor in the kitchen. No saucepan or kettle to clean up. When roasting meat, line your pan with Ganapar. Fats and juices won't burn. No more straining or scouring of the pan afterwards.

You can use Ganapar repeatedly by simply rinsing it off and hanging up to dry. It doesn't absorb odors. Makes a perfect dish cloth. Silky, strong, and doesn't spread lint. Made by the makers of the famous PARASANI Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box.

Special Offer

Most grocers, druggists and department stores have Ganapar on sale. If you haven't, send this coupon direct to the makers and we'll give you a new and unique booklet entitled "Leftovers," containing one hundred recipes as a bonus for your trouble.

Appleford Paper Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.

Enclosed find 25c for which please send me one full size package of Ganapar Cookery Parchment and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers."

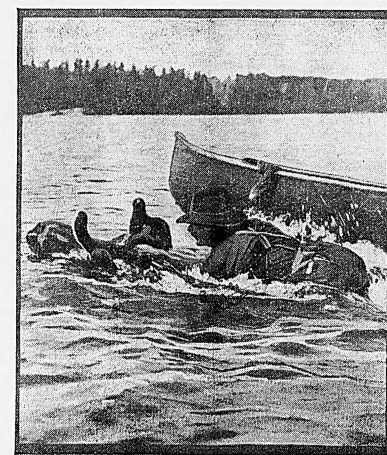
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Address.....

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Do You Know?



—Photograph Canadian National Railway.

THAT if you have lots of courage and don't mind getting wet you can go for a ride on the back of a moose? This picture which was taken in the Nipigon District of Northern Ontario, Canada, is visible proof of the statement.

for CHAPPED SKIN

Dilute Minard's with one-half sweet oil or cream. Apply once a day. For Frost Bites use the Liniment freely and undiluted.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

W N. O. 1933

OPEN WAY FOR DISCUSSION OF IRISH SITUATION

London, Eng.—President Eamon de Valera of the Irish Free State left for Dublin after having agreed with J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, to make the controversy over unpaid Irish land annuities the subject of negotiations to start October 14.

An official statement issued at the conclusion of the two-hour conference between Mr. de Valera, Mr. Thomas and several other members of the cabinet said:

"We have agreed to adopt a suggestion that the question concerning Irish land annuities should be made the subject of negotiations between the two governments.

"In the course of our conversations attention was called to the fact that other sums of money formerly paid to the United Kingdom were being withheld by the Irish Free State. It was agreed that negotiations should cover these sums also and that the discussions be begun in London if possible on October 14."

Meanwhile it was said the Free State will continue to keep the disputed funds in a suspense account where they were placed pending settlement of the controversy concerning them.

Ottawa Conference

Meetings Held in London Take Divergent Views On Results

Results of the Ottawa Imperial Economic Conference were described variously as substantially advancing Empire economic co-operation and as "preposterous" at two meetings in the United Kingdom this week.

The Central and Associated Chambers of Agriculture, meeting in London, unanimously passed a resolution welcoming the conference as bringing a "substantial advance towards a policy of Empire economic co-operation and agricultural development."

At the same time, Sir Herbert Samuel, former Liberal home secretary, who resigned recently from the national government, said in a speech at Darwin the agreements were "preposterous."

Sir Herbert maintained that when the agreements are published it will be found neither in India nor in the Dominions will the cotton trade of the United Kingdom receive any appreciable concessions.

He denounced also the proposal to impose a heavy duty on cod liver oil from Norway in order to divert part of the trade in this commodity to Newfoundland. He asked his audience how anyone should dare to propose this "enormous duty" on a medicine "essential to the life and health of a vast number of children in the poorest homes."

The agricultural chambers, however, expressed satisfaction that the agreements at Ottawa recognized the principle that agriculture in the United Kingdom should have a prior claim to the home markets.

Woman Elected President

Vancouver, B.C.—Mrs. Mary Ellen Smith is again president of the British Columbia Liberal Association. The election of the woman who has made British parliamentary history as the first woman cabinet minister, was one of the most colorful incidents of the convention just concluded. It is just 40 years since she came to British Columbia.

Wheat Price Problem

Ottawa, Ont.—Low prices for wheat constitute one of the major problems for parliament to cope with at the present session, in the opinion of Robert Gardiner, U.P.A. leader and member for Acadia, Alberta, who is now in Ottawa. The main task was to find a level on which a fair return would be given to the wheat farmer, Mr. Gardiner said.

An Unusual Celebration

Nish, Jug-Slavia.—When Mr. and Mrs. Fillipovich celebrated their 100th wedding anniversary more than 100 descendants—sons, daughters, grandchildren and great grandchildren—visited them. He is 117 and his wife 115.

Liberal For Century

Wolverhampton, England.—This great midland centre witnessed on October 4, the start of a unique centenary. East Wolverhampton celebrated the fact that for exactly 100 years it has sent a Liberal to the House of Commons.

W N. U. 1063

Appoint New Secretary

J. R. McLean To Succeed Graham Spry As National Secretary Of Canadian Clubs

Ottawa, Ont.—The executive committee of the Association of Canadian Clubs has announced the appointment of J. R. McLean, formerly of Winnipeg, to the post of national secretary. Mr. McLean will take over his duties at once as successor to Graham Spry, who resigned May 1 last.

Mr. McLean graduated from the University of Manitoba in 1926, with the degree of bachelor of arts, and took his M.A. degree from the same university the following year, at which he was chosen Rhodes scholar from Manitoba. He obtained the degree of bachelor of letters from Oxford in June, 1931. He is 27 years of age and a son of Mr. and Mrs. John McLean, Yorkton, Sask.

Mrs. P. A. Wheeler, assistant secretary, who has been acting secretary since Mr. Spry's resignation, will continue as assistant secretary.

Grain Shipped To Churchill

Movement Of 1932 Crop Now In Full Swing

The Pas, Man.—The movement of 1932 wheat from the prairies of western Canada to Churchill for storage during the winter, and immediate shipment overseas when navigation opens in 1933, is now in full swing, with nearly 3,000 cars already north of The Pas, the grain passing over the Hudson Bay Railway at the rate of approximately 100 cars per day.

Nine hundred and fifty cars are north of The Pas, it was stated at the local office of the Bay line, and during the past few days has been passing through at the rate of 100 cars daily.

It is expected grain will continue to go north at a rapid rate for some time to come, and according to indications the Churchill elevator will be filled before winter sets in. The total capacity of the elevator is 2,500,000 bushels.

Alberta Oil Fields

Believe Gushers Will Be Discovered

To Stagger the Imagination

Calgary, Alberta.—In the near future enough crude oil will be produced in Alberta between Hebo Lake and the International boundary to supply the British Empire, according to Arthur J. Davis, consulting geologist and petroleum engineer of the Willshire Oil Company, visiting Alberta oil district. Mr. Davis believes oil gushers will be discovered that will "stagger the imaginations of Albertans."

C. A. Roney, Los Angeles oil operator, accompanied Mr. Davis. Mr. Roney plans to drill a well at Twin River, 28 miles west of Milk River town. The drilling will take place on the property of the Nordon corporation, where Mr. Davis predicts 1,000 to 10,000 barrels daily will be produced. He placed a \$100,000,000 value on the property.

Loan Conversion A Success

New South Wales Lists Closed Within Half An Hour

London, England.—New South Wales loan conversion, sponsored by the commonwealth along the lines of the British conversion, reducing the government's interest burden by a substantial figure, proved a remarkable success.

Cash applications were so heavy that the lists were closed within half an hour. The new loan is for five years carrying 4 per cent. interest. In the case of the Australian loan there is a 2½ per cent. bonus with a seven-day limit.

The converted loan totalled £12,360,950. Former interest rates on this sum were 5½ per cent. The nominal interest for the new issue is 3½ per cent., but allowing for the premium on repayment the overall yield will be about four per cent. Altogether the conversion will mean a saving of nearly £500,000 a year.

Universities To Confer

Meetings Of The Heads Of Western Universities To Be Held

Edmonton, Alberta.—A call will be sent out probably this week by Dr. R. C. Wallace, president of the University of Alberta, for a meeting of the heads or other representatives of western universities, as proposed by Premier Brownlee a few weeks ago.

Replies have been received from Saskatchewan and Manitoba approving of the suggestion, and word has come from British Columbia that an answer from that province will be ready shortly.

Trade Wheat For Vegetables

Alberta Farmers Resorting To The Ancient System Of Barter

Calgary, Alberta.—Alberta farmers have turned again to the ancient system of barter to supply their wants for the winter. They are exchanging British Columbia by motor truck through the Crow's Nest Pass, carrying wheat which they trade for vegetables, fruit and eggs.

This method of acquiring food for the winter instead of selling their wheat at prevailing low prices was used by the farmers last year, but, according to reports, the movement this season is much larger. The farmers are returning from British Columbia farming areas with their trucks loaded with winter food supplies.

One farmer claims to have disposed of a load of wheat on the basis of 60 cents to the bushel, obtaining sufficient fruit and vegetables to keep his family all winter.

Jap Population Grows

One Out Of Every Eight Births At Coast Is Japanese

Victoria, B.C.—Approximately one out of every eight births registered in British Columbia during 1931 was Japanese, according to figures released by H. W. Young, provincial health officer. Last year, registration of births of all races totalled 9,640, of which 1,342 were Japanese. Despite the fact the Chinese population in British Columbia exceeds that of the Japanese by several thousands, only 177 Chinese births were registered last year.

PROPOSAL MADE TO DISCUSS THE GERMAN POSITION

London, England.—The Exchange Telegraph Agency said the British Government was seeking to determine whether a conference could be arranged to discuss Germany's withdrawal from the disarmament conference. France, Germany and Italy were being consulted.

The agency said the matter was still under consideration, and the British Government had indicated if the conference course were feasible and generally approved, it would be willing to arrange a meeting for this purpose in London.

The exact object of the conversation would be to determine whether the difficulties arising from Germany's withdrawal could be discussed in an exchange of views.

Berlin, Germany.—The British charge d'affaires verbally submitted to the foreign office an official invitation to a conference of the powers to be held in London to pave the way for Germany's return to the world disarmament conference at Geneva.

In replying to the invitation Germany emphasized that unless certain guarantees were given that her demand for arms equality really would be fulfilled, the government of the reich could not participate.

Without fulfillment of the German demand, the charge d'affaires was informed, the London meeting would be futile.

WEDDING OF RAMSAY MACDONALD'S DAUGHTER



Dr. Alastair MacKinnon and his bride, Dr. Joan MacDonald, daughter of Premier Ramsay MacDonald, leaving the little church near Chequers after the ceremony. Every guest wore a sprig of heather, and pipers played the bride and groom back to the reception.

TO HEAD COMMISSION



Hector Charlesworth, famous Canadian journalist and editor of Saturday Night, who is said to have accepted the post of Chairman of the new Canadian Broadcasting Commission.

B.C. Coalition Opposed

Delegates At Liberal Association Meeting Refuse To Participate

Vancouver, B.C.—Demand for the holding of a general election "at the earliest possible moment" and the refusal to participate in a coalition government, as suggested by Premier S. F. Tolmie, marked the first day's session of the annual meeting of the British Columbia Liberal Association here; 600 delegates were in attendance.

The resolution declared the convention's confidence in the leadership of T. D. Pattullo and extended to him "a free mandate to choose for his associates in government men of character, ability and standing, having regard solely to the public interest."

Hon. Ian MacKenzie, M.P. for Vancouver Centre, predicted any success that may have been attained at the Imperial Conference would be insofar as the agreements followed along the lines of the last Dunning budget.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Smith was "madame chairman" at the opening of the convention. She called the delegates by their first names at times.

Used Hudson Bay Route

Miss Cora Hind First Woman Passenger Sailing Via Churchill

Winnipeg, Man.—Miss E. Cora Hind, veteran agricultural editor and the greatest woman journalist Canada has produced, sailed out of Churchill Bristol-bound, the first woman passenger to use the Hudson Bay route.

For the better part of her life Miss Hind has shared in western Canada's fight for a direct outlet to world markets through Hudson Bay. When the route was finally opened to the grain trade of the world, she was eager to see for herself the Hudson Bay Railway and the northern sea passage for which she had fought so vigorously and successfully.

Confiding her ambition only to a few friends and associates, she left Winnipeg for Churchill determined it possible to get a passage. She had intended to leave earlier than she did, and only chance saved her from being a passenger on the "Bright Star" which struck an iceberg and went to the bottom.

Oregon Forest Fire

Loss Is Estimated At More Than \$2,000,000

Portland, Ore.—Roaring in from all sides with blasting heat a forest fire destroyed the town of Cochrane in the mountain timber country, about 50 miles west of Portland in Washington county.

The loss, including that in the town, two mills, railroad equipment and timber, was estimated by those in the area at more than \$2,000,000. The town's 200 inhabitants escaped.

The community and mill camp at Edwards, nearby, burned to the ground. At Enright, three railroad tunnels, a costly rail incline, several trestles and other equipment of the Southern Pacific were destroyed.

All equipment and buildings of the C. H. Wheeler Logging Company in the Cochrane area burned.

The only death reported from the most disastrous forest fire in years was that of a logger killed by a falling tree.

From other sections of western Oregon there came reports of fires, less serious, but holding much potential danger. A warm east wind, drying all foliage and grass, coupled with unseasonably hot October weather, presented a menace.

Soviet Watchword

Quality Rather Than Quantity Is To Be Guiding Principle

Moscow, Russia.—Quality rather than quantity is to be the watchword of Soviet production during 1933. So the central committee of the Communist party decided at the four-day meeting which has now ended.

The committee adopted a series of resolutions admitting serious shortcomings in the development of the country's public economy, especially in food, and exhorting the party members and the proletariat to put their shoulders to the wheel from now on.

Expel Papal Delegate

Mexico Orders His Expulsion As a Pernicious Foreigner

Mexico City.—Monignor Leopoldo Ruiz Flores, papal delegate to Mexico, left in a private aeroplane with two agents of the department of interior for the United States. He had been ordered expelled from the country as a "pernicious foreigner."

The plane was to cross the border at Laredo on November 1. The papal delegate's only remark was that it was the first time he ever had been up in an aeroplane.

ALBERTA WILL GIVE ASSISTANCE IN DEBT CASES

Edmonton, Alberta.—Government action following the decision of the Alberta Bar Association to give assistance in debt cases will be taken shortly, it is intimated by Premier J. E. Brownlee, who says that a further announcement will probably be made when the plan has been thoroughly considered and organized.

"I am much pleased with the attitude of members of the law society," said the premier, "in offering their services on a very fair basis in an effort to work out the debtor-and-creditor difficulties. Meanwhile I can say quite definitely that any creditor firm that is showing that it appreciates the situation now existing in this province, and is willing to co-operate in solving the problem, has but little to fear."

Queried as to a resolution reported to have been sent from the wholesalers' association in Calgary, to the effect that no further government action be taken to disturb the present credit relations, Mr. Brownlee said that no such resolution has as yet reached him.

Edmonton business interests may fight the proposed voluntary debt adjustment scheme for this province, feeling that the present system should not be disturbed.

Arrangements were being made here to call a meeting of wholesale firms in order to discuss the whole plan. In all likelihood, retail interests also will hold a meeting.

"The reaction to the scheme shows considerable opposition at present," said Secretary John Blue, of the Edmonton Chamber of Commerce. "There is a strong feeling that as legislation was made effective this year, modifying the Debt Adjustment act, business men are not clear as to the difference involved as between the secured and unsecured creditor."

APPOINTMENT OF NEW RADIO COMMISSION

Ottawa, Ont.—The new Canadian radio broadcasting commission will be headed by Hector Charlesworth, Toronto, editor and critic. Thomas Mahery, Quebec journalist, will be vice-chairman. Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Steel, Ottawa, director of radio research for the national research council, will be the third member of the body.

Official announcement of the personnel of the commission has been made. Appointment of the commissioners was made at a meeting of cabinet council.

The emolument of the chairman will be \$10,000 per year. Vice-Chairman Maher and Commissioner Steel will each receive an annual salary of \$8,000.

Establishment of the commission was authorized by legislation passed at the last session of parliament. The bill was based on recommendations of a special committee of the House of Commons. The commission is empowered to carry on the business of broadcasting in Canada and regulate and control broadcasting by other agencies.

Many Killed In Cloudburst

Damage Caused At Tehachap, California, Runs Into Millions

Bakersfield, California.—The bodies of 15 victims had been recovered, five others were listed as dead and unconfirmed reports said 21 additional bodies had been found in a wrecked freight car in the flood-swept wake of the Tehachap cloudburst that took a toll of possibly 45 lives and caused damage estimated from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000.

Unverified reports to the Southern Pacific Company here said a boxcar, swept from a bridge when the torrent wrecked two freight trains, had been found to contain the bodies of 21 men and boys.

Liquor Law Attacked

Criticize Liquor Control System In British Columbia

Vancouver, B.C.—Allegations that bootleggers determine liquor legislation; that the present liquor control system has caused an orgy of crime and that arrests for drunkenness have increased 400 per cent. and liquor consumption 1500 per cent. since prohibition in British Columbia, were made today at opening sessions of the annual British Columbia Prohibition Convention by Rev. R. J. MacIntyre, organizer.

Japanese Policy

Cabinet Decides Not To Alter Decision Regarding Manchuria

Tokyo, Japan.—The cabinet decided that the Lytton commission's report on Manchuria to the League of Nations did not constitute cause to alter its Manchurian policy.

A cardinal point of that policy is the separation of Manchuria from China and maintenance of the independent state of Manchukuo, which the Japanese assisted in creating, to replace the old regime, owing allegiance to Nanking.

Alberta Bush Fires

Edmonton, Alberta.—Bush fires are reported to the provincial forestry department from the country west of Edmonton, toward the mountains, and from the Grande Prairie district, where in particular the situation is said to be quite serious. Smoke from these or other fires is already mauling itself left in the city.

Employee Electrocutd

Alta, Alberta.—George B. Johnson, employee of the Calgary Power Company, was electrocuted when he came in contact with a 13,000-volt transformer as he was repairing the device on a platform 15 feet above the ground. Johnson, resident of Lacomb, Alberta, leaves a wife and family.

Suspected Slayer Held

Lillooet, B.C.—Frank Gott, game guide and trapper, wanted in connection with the murder of Albert E. Farey, game warden, near Mocha, was captured near the scene of the shooting.

Inaugurate Five-Day Week

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Adoption of the five-day week in all its plants in Canada and the United States was announced by Proctor and Gamble. It goes into effect October 10.

Burnt-Out Spots

Method Of Cultivating Bad Spots On Prairie Land

In certain sections of the prairie provinces, and particularly in southwestern Saskatchewan and southern Alberta, the prairie surface contains many irregular but roughly circular depressions varying from three to six inches in depth and from a few feet to twenty feet or more across. These depressions are known under various names, such as "burn-outs," "blow-outs" or "silted pots." The depressions are usually bare or support a scanty growth of vegetation, while the surrounding prairie is well covered with grass. The burn-outs appear to be spots which from some cause or other have lost the original surface soil. The soil in a burn-out is very fine in texture and so impervious that after water has been standing in the depressions for several days the soil below the first few inches is quite hard and dry.

Where the burn-out spots are not extensive the land, when placed under cultivation, will produce very fair crops in favorable seasons. Breaking by the usual method has been the usual process, as the plough tends to slide out on striking a burnt-out spot. If the work is not very well done, crops are very uneven for the first few years after breaking, those on the burn-outs being thin and stunted. This fact suggests the necessity of having the normal prairie soil well mixed with that from the burn-outs. It has also been observed by residents in burnt-out areas that the burnt-out spots get smaller in the course of time. This is undoubtedly due to the encroachment of the prairie soil favored by the drifting of soil into the depressions from adjoining cultivated fields. A more satisfactory preparation for this type of land has been secured by the use of powerful machinery. The breaking is done early and preferably with the ground moist. The soil is later well worked down and mixed by means of a heavy float or scrubber.

The Pas Developing As Distributing Centre

Fruit Shipments Direct From California Indicate Rapid Progress

The Pas is developing rapidly as a distributing centre for northern Manitoba, according to Paul Nafel, manager of the branch of the National Fruit Company. During the past few weeks the first direct shipments of carloads of oranges and lemons from California ever to come into the north country have been rolling into The Pas, Manitoba.

Already two carloads of oranges and lemons have been imported direct from the California Fruit Growers' Association. Formerly all goods were handled from some western Canadian jobbing centre, and shipped there.

This development is news in that it is indicating the trend in the north country. It is a commercially significant development in the progress of The Pas as a distributing centre.

Is Really Illegal

The St. Thomas Times-Journal suggests that professional hitch-hiking may yet be declared illegal. Much of it is already illegal. The Highway Traffic Act provides that "no person shall, while on the travelled portion of a highway, solicit a ride from the driver or operator of a motor vehicle other than a public vehicle." The penalty is \$5 to \$10 for a first offence, graded up to as high as \$50 for repeated offences.

Post—"After my death the world will realize what I have done."
Editor—"Oh, well, you don't need to worry; you'll be out of danger then."

When a horse balks, the balk is in his head, not in his legs. He goes ahead whenever he decides to go ahead.



"I'd never marry a man who ran after me."
"No, but I suppose you've nothing against a man who toots with a motor horn."—Karlketuren, Oslo

W. N. U. 1903

THE SPECTACULAR RESCUE OF THE "FLYING FAMILY"



This picture graphically illustrates the rescue of the Hutchinson "Flying Family" by the British trawler, "Lord Talbot," after the plane "City of Richmond" had been forced down in the icy waters off Greenland. Inset Mrs. Hutchinson is shown being helped aboard the rescue craft while her children at right, are safe in the arms of rescuing sailors. At the left is her husband, George Hutchinson, leader of the ill-fated expedition. Larger picture shows Mrs. Hutchinson and her children, Janet, Leo and Katherine, as they surveyed the wreckage of their plane from a barren rock near the Eskimo village of Eker, Greenland.

Making Own Weather

Russians Find Much Can Be Done In This Respect

The Russians have decided to make their own weather. So optimistic are they that an Artificial Rain Institute has been started at Moscow, and others are to follow. Russia is largely dependent upon the crops grown on the farms, and scientists state that presently they will be able to plan out a regular scheme of fine weather and of rain occurring at just the right times. Experiments made by means of aeroplanes and powerful ground transmitting stations have shown that much can be done in the way of bringing down rain by means of powerful high-tension currents. It has also been found possible to break up hail-storms by bombarding them with great bell-mouthed cannon firing blank charges. When the approach of a hailstorm is signalled by telephone the gunners are called to their stations and every effort is made to cause the hail to fall in districts where it will do the least damage. The vibrations set up by the bell-mouthed cannon frequently bring down the hail and prevent it from travelling to places where it might do damage.

May Complete Century

Electric Bell In Oxford Laboratory Has Been Ringing 92 Years

Ninety-two years ago, an electric bell made by a London instrument-maker started ringing in the Clarendon laboratories at Oxford. It has never stopped, and the odds are that it will complete its century of incessant ringing. So far no repairs or replacements have been needed.

It is not a loud bell, for its sound is audible only a few feet away, and it is rather an extraordinary looking contrivance. There are two ordinary gongs surmounted by long tubes, between which hangs a little metal ball supported by a thread. The ball taps one gong and then swings away and taps the other. You might think that this is perpetual motion, but it is not, for the ball is operated by batteries in the tubes above the gongs. Some day these must wear out or run down.—Tit-Bits.

Narrow-Minded Man Always Sees Faults

Unable To Appreciate Fine Qualities Of Humanity

It is usually the small-souled and narrow-minded man who can decry faults and failings with an eagle eye, but upon whom all the finer and grander qualities of humanity are lost. To him who ever walks with head bent, and eyes on the ground the whole universe appears to be made of dust; but he who goes with head erect and eyes uplifted breathes the pure air and greets the rising sun, and forgets the dust that may be under his feet.

Sure Of Acquittal

"Your offence is a serious one," said the judge, "and if you are convicted it will mean a long term in prison. If you cannot afford a counsel the court will appoint one for you."

The prisoner leaned toward the judge and in the most confidential manner whispered, "I have no lawyer, but it's all right, judge; my tailor and landlady are on the jury."

Oil has been discovered in Durus, County Cork, Irish Free State.

British Are Tea Drinkers

People Also Use Cocoa But Very Little Coffee

The British have never been a coffee drinking people. Their partiality in hot beverages is tea. Nor is coffee making any progress at the breakfast table. And tea is. The imports of coffee are decreasing and of tea are increasing.

The importation of coffee in the seven months of 1932 by the United Kingdom was 488,141 pounds, of which only 202,451 pounds was entered for home consumption.

On the other hand the importation of tea in the seven months just ended was 284,630,000 pounds, and this was an increase in two years of 18,560,000 pounds. The quantity exported to all countries was 40,179,000 pounds so that the amount for home consumption was 224,451,000 pounds. That works out at a little over eight pounds in the year for every man, woman and child in the United Kingdom.

As a matter of fact the British people consume more than three times the amount of cocoa that they do of coffee.

The vast bulk of the British supply of tea comes from Ceylon and India, and the coffee from Central America and British East Africa.

Feel Pinch Of Hard Times

Treasures From Japan's Buddhist Temples Are Being Pawned

Hard times do not spare anyone and Japan's 70,000 Buddhist temples are feeling the pinch. Priests have taken to cultivating temple lands to raise food for themselves and their families. Temple treasures and rich ecclesiastical robes have appeared in pawn shops and many of the smaller temples are closing. In good years, it is a prosperous temple that receives \$250 a year on contributions or rents, but as Japan's rural districts have been worst hit by the depression, this income has been almost wiped out in 50,000 of the temples.

The giant cactus begins to bear fruit when about fifty years old and is not full grown until it reaches the century mark.

Terceira is the second largest island in the Azores.

Communism Set To Be Re-Designed

Gold Service Has Not Been Used For Twenty Years

The \$10,000 gold communion set of St. Paul's Cathedral, London, England has been brought out of storage and will be melted down and re-designed. The plate was presented to St. Paul's by Ernest Terah Hooley, the financier, in the year of Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee. There are four flacons and four chalices, the total weight being 300 ounces. They were used twice and then stored. At the time Hooley is reported to have said, "I suppose they have refused to use it because they regard me as a great sinner, and they have no room for sinners in the Church of England." Canon Alexander, of St. Paul's, has just explained. "The original shapes of the vessels made the use of them in services very difficult. As a result they have been stored in the strong room of the cathedral for more than 20 years."

A Rare Accomplishment

Contrary To General Opinion Good Talkers Are Scarce

There are few accomplishments to be desired above the art of a skilled and interesting conversationalist. Judged by a multiplicity of examples the term is disconcertingly misunderstood.

So many folks seem to think that wind and words make conversation. They blather about inconsequential things. Their victims are given no opportunity to drop a suggestion nor to express an opinion. That is one reason why so many intelligent and highly educated people talk so little.—Brandon Sun.

Rare Plant Blooms

The Victoria Regia, one of the rarest tropical plants ever transplanted to a northern climate, bloomed a few weeks ago at the Paris Museum of Natural History for the first time in forty years. Enormous white flowers appeared among the large leaves and bloomed for several days before going to sleep again for perhaps half a century.

The sea has its "deserts" where there is little or no sign of life.

Self-Pity Is Bad Habit

Those Indulging In It More Harmed Than Helped

Never complain. Let that be your leading principle. Self-pity is one of the worst habits any one can have. Unfortunately innumerable persons have this evil habit, to their own and other people's misfortune. By pitying themselves, by continually pondering on their troubles and making a display of these in order to arouse pity in others, they increase their own sufferings without doing themselves any good whatever. Self-pity is sentimentalism of the most foolish kind, and is characteristic of the weakling. Just as dirt is matter in the wrong place, so is sentimentalism a feeling in the wrong place!

We are equipped with feelings that we may be activated by them to leave undone that which may be glorious, and to seek out that which will be advantageous. When we suffer pain, we should turn it to account by noting that something is going on which must be altered, and by setting to work on the instant to make the necessary change.

If, instead of doing this, we surrender to the pain, we are not true persons of feeling, but sentimentalists. There are, unfortunately, more sentimentalists than persons of true feeling, and in every one of us there is a considerable infusion of sentimentalism. Almost all of us like being commiserated, are fond of indulging in self-pity, thereby doing ourselves more harm than we imagine.—E. Tietzeus.

London Banks Employ University Graduates

Idea Is To Add Tone and Bring In New Clients

London banks are beginning to look to young university graduates as recruits in the banking service, the idea being to have on the bank staffs young men calculated to add tone to the banks and also bring in new clients. University graduates with reputation of being "good mixers" are being taken on at one of the London banks, and thereby founding a new grade of bank official.

Their prospects, it is understood, are unlimited, but success for them depends as much upon their ability to introduce new clients and to add tone to the bank as upon their actual business capabilities.

Not all of them can become Montagu Normans, but enterprisers and what amounts to good salesmanship may land them one day a "glittering prize," if not the governorship of the Bank of England.

The new scheme is the outcome of keen competition between the rival Big Four banks. Men of social standing and personality have long proved their worth to these banks by introducing new clients and customers; and it is hoped that the employment of more university men will result in valuable additions to business.

The Stormy Petrel

Circles Ships In Bad Weather Searching For Food

The more popular a bird, the more local names it acquires. The brown owl is known by at least a dozen names in various parts of the country. Jenny-hawlet being one of the most frequently met, while its close relation, the barn owl, is often known as the cherubim. To those who travel on the seas, Mother Carey's chicken, or to give the bird its right name, the stormy petrel, is well known. This small petrel is found hundreds of miles from land, and in its search for food will skim round ships in violent storms, always keeping just above the surface of the billows, and for this reason sailors will tell you it is walking on the waves. Petrels have a large quantity of oil in their bodies, and at one time the natives of the Faroe Isles used these birds as lamps. Wicks were passed through the dead bodies, and this primitive affair gave a dim but certain light.

Seems Fair Division

Canada's production of creamery butter declined nearly 5 per cent. in July, and a total of 5,000,000 pounds in seven months, compared with last year. In July, however, the Dominion wrested second place from the Netherlands in exporting cheese to the United Kingdom, and New Zealand was a close second in supplying the British market with butter. It is a fair division of Empire trade.

"A fine little man. Do you help mother?"
"Yes. I am going to count the spoons when you have had tea."

Shanghai, China, will continue its rebuilding programme.

The Sleepy Car Driver

Many Serious Accidents Have Been Result Of Fatigue

When will tourists and others on the road learn that any attempt to continue driving when the limit of physical endurance is in sight is to court disaster, possibly with very serious consequences?

Fatigued by an all-night drive, a Syracuse man recently drove his car into the side of a heavily-laden truck on one of the Western Ontario highways. He and his father were killed and his mother, the remaining occupant of the car, was seriously injured. The party was en route to Michigan where the marriage of the driver was being arranged.

This accident was one of many directly traceable to fatigue on the part of the driver, who found himself incapable of exercising sound judgment when an emergency arose. Had he not tried to do the impossible, he and his father would probably be alive today.

It cannot be emphasized too strongly that the time to stop driving is when fatigue begins to creep over the individual at the wheel. Even the most momentary nod on the part of a driver may be attended by serious consequences when the machine is travelling at high speed, and many a driver has discovered himself in the ditch, with his machine a wreck and himself injured, because he tried to continue at the wheel as the need for rest asserted itself.

For the safety of others on the road, the authorities have now had the good sense to demand of truck and 'bus companies that their drivers shall remain on duty for only a certain length of time. They recently suspended the license of one trucking concern which violated these regulations in a particularly flagrant manner.

If such a rule is required of truck and 'bus drivers, it ought also to be required of the private driver who all too often keeps on driving when he is physically incapable of doing so in an approved manner and thus invites disaster in which others besides himself may be involved.

Old Anchor Is Historic

Closely Linked With Discovery Of Manitoba's Seaport

Catalogued and numbered, an old anchor, linked with the discovery 313 years ago of Churchill, Manitoba's northern seaport, occupies a place among historical exhibits owned by the government of Manitoba.

Enriched with brine and shaped like two great-folled fish-hooks, it passes almost unnoticed by the throngs who pass it daily to view trophies of a younger generation.

Dug out of the bed of the Churchill River during harbor excavations, the anchor once held fast the good ship "Enghjorningen," one of two ships which set sail from Copenhagen, in September, 1619, with Captain Jens Munk, Danish explorer. Munk had hoped to find the "Northwest Passage" to the Far East. With 84 men he arrived at the mouth of the Churchill River and was forced to winter there. Only Munk and two others were left when the next northern summer came. Scoury and shortage of food had taken a terrible toll. The three set sail for Norway in the smaller of the two ships. The anchor was left at Churchill.

Long Voyage Of Toy Yacht

A child's toy yacht, fifteen inches long, did a lone voyage of 129 miles in the Irish Sea. It was picked up by a Fleetwood trawler near the Gulf of Man, with the sails all set and in perfect condition. An address in Bangor, County Down, was on the sail and the ship was returned to its owner who probably valued the toy highly.

He: "There are an awful lot of girls who don't want to get married."
She: "How do you know?"
He: "I've asked them."

South Africa has a big new-rod programme.

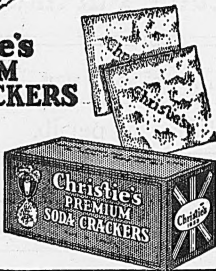


"What are you doing with that bundle of wood?"
"That is not a bundle of wood—it is a collapsible fishing rod."—Pages Gales, Yverdon.



Christie's PREMIUM SODA CRACKERS

Crisp, light, flaky and slightly salted. Irresistible. Once the family starts eating them... be sure the supply doesn't run out.



THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —
MARGARET PEDLER
Author of "The Splendid Little Hermit"
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

The Test

New Year's Eve found Jean sitting alone in Claire's special sanctum—the room which had witnessed that frightful scene when Sir Adrian had suddenly gone mad.

It was a cosy enough little room in winter-time. A cheery fire crackled in the open grate, while a heavy velvet curtain was drawn across the door that gave egress to the terrace, effectually screening out the ubiquitous draught which invariably seeks entry through crack and hinge-space.

Claire was at the Dover House this evening, where a New Year's dinner-party was in progress, but Jean had no heart for festivities of any kind even had she not been precluded from taking part in them by reason of her father's death.

The grief and strain of the last four months had set their mark upon her. She was much thinner than formerly—her extreme slenderness accentuated by the clinging black of the dress she was wearing—while faint purple shadows lay beneath her eyes, giving her a look of frailty and fatigue.

She and Claire led a very sober and uneventful existence at Charnwood, the one absorbed in her quiet happiness, the other in her quiet grief. But the bond of their friendship had held true throughout the differing fortunes which had fallen to the lot of each, and although for Jean there was inevitable additional pain involved in still remaining within the neighbourhood of Staple, it was counterbalanced by the comfort she drew from Claire's companionship.

Besides, as she reflected dispiritedly, where else had she to go? The Dover House would have been open to her, of course, at any time, but there she would be certain to encounter Blaise more frequently, and of late her principal preoccupation had been to avoid such meeting whenever possible. And she could not face Beinfels yet—alone! Some day, when Claire was married, she knew that she must brace herself to return there—to a house of dreams that would never come true now. But at present she shrank intolerably from the idea. She craved companionship—above all, the consoling, tender understanding which Claire, who had herself suffered, was so well able to give her.

The book that she had been reading earlier in the evening lay open on her knee, and her thoughts were with Claire now. She pictured her sitting next to Nick at dinner, her flower-

"I'm glad you bought plenty of Christie's Premium Soda Crackers... because, with soup, they're about all we'll need for a good lunch."



like face radiant with unclouded happiness. At least her own sorrow had not yet taught her the grudging envy which cannot endure another's joy.

With a quickly repressed sigh, she turned again to her book. Its pages fluttered faintly, as though stirred by some passing current of air, and Jean, coming suddenly out of her reverie, was conscious of a cool draught wafting towards her from the direction of the terrace door.

Vaguely surprised, she glanced up, and a startled cry broke from her lips. The door was open, the folds of the curtain had been drawn aside, and in the aperture stood Blaise Tormarin.

Jean sprang up from her chair and stood staring at him with dilated eyes, one hand gripping the edge of the chimney-piece.

"Blaise! . . . You!" The words issued stammeringly from her lips.

"Yes," he returned shortly. "May I come in?"

Without waiting for an answer he closed the door behind him, letting the curtain fall back into its place, and crossed the room to her side. Jean felt her heart contract as her eyes marked the changes wrought in him by the few weeks which had elapsed since she had seen him. His face was haggard as though from lack of sleep, and the lines on either side of the mouth were scored deep into the flesh. The mouth itself closed in a tense line of savage misery and the stark bitterness of his eyes filled her with grief and pity, knowing how utterly powerless she was to help or comfort him.

Disturbing her self-control, she snatched at the first conventional remark that suggested itself.

"I thought—I thought you and Nesta were both dining at the Dover House," she said confusedly.

"Nesta is there. I made an excuse. I came here instead."

Something in the curt, clipped sentences sounded a note of warning in her ears.

"But you ought not to have come here," she replied quickly—defensively almost. "Why have you come, Blaise?"

"I came," he said slowly, "because I can't bear my life without you a day longer. Because—Oh, Jean! Jean! . . . Beloved! Do you need to ask me why I came?"

With a swift, irresistible movement he swept her up into his arms, holding her crushed against his breast, his mouth on hers, kissing her as a man kisses when love that has been long thwarted and denied at last bursts asunder the shackles which constrained it.

And Jean, starved for four months of the touch of the beloved arms, the pressure of the beloved lips upon her own, had yielded to him almost before she was aware of her surrender.

Then the remembrance of the woman who stood between them rushed across her and she tore herself free from his embrace, white and trembling in every limb.

"Blaise! . . . Blaise! . . . What are you thinking of? Oh! We're mad—mad!"

She covered her face with her shaking hands but he drew them away, gazing down at her with eyes that worshipped.

"No, beloved, we're not mad," he cried triumphantly. "We're sane—sane at last. We were mad to think we could live apart, mad to dream we could starve love like ours. That was when we were mad! But we'll never be parted again, sweet."

"Blaise," she whispered, staring at him with horrified dilated eyes. "You don't know what you are saying!"

You're forgetting Nesta—your wife. Oh, go—go quickly! You must not stay here and talk like this to me!"

"No," he returned. "I won't go, Jean. I've come to take you away with me." Once more his arms wound round her. "Beloved, I can't live without you any longer. I've tried—and I can't do it. Jean, you'll come? You love me enough—enough to come away with me to the ends of the earth where we'll find happiness at last?"

She sought to free herself from his clasp, pressing with straining hands against his chest.

"No! No!" she cried breathlessly. "I can't go with you . . . you know I can't! Ah! Don't ask me, Blaise!" There was an agony of supplication in her voice.

"But I do ask you. And if you love me—his eyes holding hers—"you'll come, Jean."

"If you love me, you'll come," he answered earnestly. "But it isn't the you I love asking me this, Blaise. It's some other man—a stranger—"

"If you love me, you'll come," he reiterated doggedly. "I can't live without you, Jean. I want you—oh, heart's beloved, if you knew—" And the burning, passionate words, the pent-up love and longings of months of separation and despair, came pouring from his lips—beseeching and demanding, wringing her heart, pulling at the love within her that ached to give him the answer which he craved.

"Oh, Blaise, dearest of all—hush! Hush!" She checked him brokenly, with quivering lips. "I can't go with you. It wouldn't bring us happiness. Ah, listen to me, dear!" She came close to him and laid her hands imploringly on his arm, lifting her white, stricken face to his. "It would only spoil our love—to take it like that when we have no right to. It would smother and smother it, make it something different. I think—I think, in the end, Blaise, it would kill it."

"Nothing would ever kill my love for you," he exclaimed passionately. "Jean, little Jean, think of what our life together might be—the glory and the beauty of it!—Just you and I in our House of Dreams!"

She caught her breath. Oh! Why did he make it so hard for her? With every fibre of her being yearning towards him she must refuse, deny him, drive him away from her.

"No, No!" she cried tremulously. "We could never reach our House of Dreams that way—Oh, I know it! At least, not the sort of House of Dreams that would be worth anything to you or me, Blaise. It would only be a sham, a make-believe. You can't build true on a rotten foundation. . . . Don't ask me any more, dear. It's so hard—so hard to keep on saying no when everything in me wants to say yes. But I must say it. And you . . . you must go back to Nesta."

Her voice almost failed her. She could feel her strength ebbing with every moment that he stayed beside her. She knew that she would not be able to resist his pleading much longer. Her own heart was fighting against her—fighting on his side!

He saw her weakness and caught at it eagerly.

"Do you know what you're asking?" he demanded hoarsely. "Do you know what you are sending me back to? Our life together—Nesta's and mine—has been simple hell upon earth."

"But you ought not to have come here," she replied quickly—defensively almost. "Why have you come, Blaise?"

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**You said it!
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YOUR
OWN" with..**



Thousands of delighted smokers say it because they have proved it, time and time again.
You can roll at least 50 cigarettes with a 20c. package of Turret Fine Cut cigarette tobacco.
And every cigarette you roll will be to your liking. The more you roll, the more you'll enjoy them.

1 1/2 and 3 1/2 packages
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FREE Chanticleer Cigarette Papers with every package.

TURRET
FINE CUT
Cigarette Tobacco

Little Helps For This Week

"And in every work that he began in the service of the House of God, and in the law, and in the commandments, to seek his God, he did it with all his heart, and prospered."—2 Chronicles 31:21.

God is a kind Father. He sets us all in the places where He wishes us to be employed; and that employment is truly "our Father's business." He chooses what for every creature which will be delightful to them, if they do it simply and humbly. And we may always be sure, whatever we are doing, that we cannot be pleasing Him if we are not happy ourselves.—J. Ruskin.

Give me within the work which calls today. To see Thy finger gently beckoning on; So struggle grows to freedom, work to play. And toils begun from Thee to Thee are done.

—J. F. Clarke.

As a vermifuge an effective preparation is Mother Graves' Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

"When a thing is troubling you," advises a psychologist, "sleep on it." But what if the thing that is troubling you happens to be a boarding house bed?

Thief Escapes By Trick

Pursuers Stopped To Gather Bills He Scattered

An age-old trick was used by a Toldo thief to escape his pursuers. He had snatched a bag containing \$1,500 from a truck and bolted along the street. Bystanders started in pursuit, but the thief thrust his hand into the stolen bag, pulled out a handful of bills and scattered them. Everyone dived for the notes, and while they were scrambling for the money the thief got safely away.



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Countless thousands of healthy, happy babies have been reared on Eagle Brand during the last seventy-five years. You will find our little booklet, "Baby Welfare," full of valuable hints on baby care. Write for it. Use coupon below.

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Relieve that pain safely

You can always relieve that ache or pain harmlessly with Aspirin. Even those deep-seated pains that make a man's very bones ache. Even the systemic pains so many women suffer. They will yield to these tablets! Aspirin has many important uses. Read the proven directions in every package; and don't endure any needless pains from neuralgia, neuralgia, rheumatism.

Keep a bottle of these tablets in the house; carry the pocket tin if subject to unexpected headaches, sudden colds, quick relief, without any harmful effects; Aspirin does not depress the heart. Just look each time for the name Aspirin—and the word genuine printed in red on every box.

Every druggist has Aspirin, and if you ask for it by that name you are sure to get relief. "Aspirin" is a trade-mark registered in Canada.

Of course there's a certain amount of luck in bridge—a good deal depends on a good deal.

Archbishops and bishops of the established church are permitted seats in the British House of Lords.

Horses and ponies in the Irish Free State total less than 450,000.

Listed As Calamity

British Market Is Closed To Vegetable Growers in the St. Malo district of France are asking that their leases be revised because of the closing of the British market to French potatoes and other vegetables.

At a general meeting of growers a resolution was passed recommending that the authorities place the present situation in the category of public calamities.

The Oil Of Power.—It is not claimed for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it will remedy every ill, but its uses are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness for itself and its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learned by experience.

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Christmas in the Old Country



Give the Old Folks the best possible Christmas present by going to see them this year. Enjoy the thrill of doing your Christmas shopping in London, Glasgow or Paris. Low ocean rates still in force.

Ocean Rates One Way Return

Cabin from \$184. 182.
Tourist from 89. 157.
Third 67. 119.

Nearly a century of sea-experience is back of the famous Cunard-Anchor-Donaldson service, accommodation and comfort.

Weekly sailings throughout the Fall

LAST SAILINGS FROM MONTREAL

Nov. 18 AURANIA Plymouth, Havre, London
Nov. 18 ANTANIA Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow
Nov. 26 ANTONIA Glasgow, Belfast, Liverpool
Nov. 26 AUSONIA Plymouth, Havre, London

FIRST SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX

Dec. 3 ASCANIA Plymouth, Havre, London
Dec. 10 SLETTIA Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow
Dec. 17 SLETTIA Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow
Dec. 24 SLETTIA Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow

CUNARD
ANCHOR-DONALDSON

Colic Pains

"I found that BABY'S OWN TABLETS relieve colic pains almost at once," writes Mrs. Mildred Noddin, Long Creek, N.B. Many other Mothers report equally happy benefits from giving their children these Tablets.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS are recommended by Mothers for teething troubles, upset stomach, indigestion, colic, simple fever, and constipation. There is no need for YOUR child to suffer. BABY'S OWN TABLETS can be given with absolute safety—see analyst's certificate in each 25c package.

Dr. Williams' 244
BABY'S OWN TABLETS

The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. J. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter. All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

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The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

Heathdale and Coliholme News

Mrs. Janet Brown, of Winnipeg, is visiting at the home of her niece, Mrs. W. W. Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Farris accompanied by their son Leonard, and who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. O. D. Harrington, have returned to their home in Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Anderson and daughter and Miss Estelle MacKinnon visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Harrington on Sunday.

Mrs. W. W. Wilson had the misfortune to crack one of her ribs last week.

Mr. Pearson, of Red Deer, is the new teacher at Heathdale School.

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, October 16:
Chinook, 7 30 p.m.
Longdale, 11 a.m.
Rearville, 4 30 p.m.
Cereal, 3 30 p.m.
Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m.
Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC
Service Second Sunday Every Month.
Mass at 9 a.m.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES**WHEAT**

1 Northern	29
2 Northern	27
3 Northern	25
No. 4	24
No. 5	23
No. 6	21
Feed	20

OATS

2 C. W.	11
3 C. W.	9
Feed	8

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received from the ratepayers of Laughlin S. D., up to October 14th, to haul ten tons of coal from the mine, to be delivered (weather permitting) by November 1st. Tenders may be given for 2, 4, 6 or 10 ton lots.

Lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

Apply:
Mrs. E. M. Bayley,
Secretary Treasurer

TENDERS

Tenders will be received not later than October 21st, 1932, to haul eight tons of coal from Chinook to Heathdale School, to be delivered by November 1st, 1932.

Lowest tender not necessarily accepted. Sealed bids to be delivered to:

W. E. Anderson,
Chairman Heathdale S.D.,
Heathdale P. O.

FOR SALE—Cabbage at 2 cents per lb. Apply to Mr. H. F. Lensgraf, Chinook.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district Send it in.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, about 1,000 feet first class, cedar, leveled siding, 1-2 x 6 inches. Apply to W. W. Isbister.

HURLEY'S STORE

Chinook, Alberta

Where Your \$1 Has Greater Purchasing Power



Choice Evaporated Apricots, per lb. **17 1-2c**

Choice Evaporated Prunes, per lb. **9c**

Choice Evaporated Peaches, per lb. **13 1-2c**

Good Santos Coffee, fresh ground, per lb. **25c**

Our Own Tea—"Real Tea," per lb. **35c**

Eddy's Matches, per package **24c**

P. & G. White Naptha Soap, 10 bars **39c**

4-Lb. Tin Pure Strawberry Jam, per tin **49c**

Tomatoes, Corn, Peas—one of each, 3 tins **39c**

Box Dollar Sodas **37c**

4 Lbs. Seedless Raisins **60c**

Viking Coffee, per lb. package **39c**

Jelly Powders, 4 packages for **25c**

Rogers Syrup, 10-lb. pail **89c**

Pork and Beans, per tin **9c**

Choice Strawberries, per tin **27 1-2c**

Ginger Snaps, 2 lbs. for **28c**

Buy From Hurley's
Service and Quality Our Motto

Heard Around Town

Word was received on September 24th by Gen. McIntosh that his brother, Wm. McIntosh, of Saskatchewan, fell from a stack of sheaves in the loft of his barn to the floor, a distance of about nine feet. In falling he struck a ladder, breaking two bones in his back. He was immediately rushed to the Regina hospital. Word has been received since announcing his death. Deceased is survived by a wife and family, also three brothers, Geo. McIntosh, of Chinook, a brother in North Dakota and another at Wilkie, Saskatchewan.

Chas. Taylor, of Tisdale, Sask., who formerly lived on his farm some ten miles north of town, arrived here last week to look after his farm interests.

Vincent Rideout, teacher at the Stinson school, spent the weekend with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rideout.

Wm. Thompson, who teaches south of Cereal, spent the weekend at the home of his mother,

Mrs. G. Thompson.

Mrs. J. Long, of Cereal visited on Friday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Roberts.

The young people of the Chinook United Church have organized a social club of those who are over fifteen years of age. All

the age eligible girls and boys of Chinook will be welcomed as members. Those wishing to join the club are requested to attend the social evening to be given in the Chinook United Church Monday, October 17th, at 7 30 p.m. The programme will consist of music and games, and an admission fee of 10 cents will be charged to defray organization expenses. Should the weather be suitable a wiener roast will be added to the programme, location of latter to be announced at church gathering.

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and perfect care in
brewing contribute
to the excellence
of Alberta beers.**

**Served at Clubs and
Hotels of repute.**

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cost dollars more
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We know folks who would gladly pay a premium for Goodyear Tires. But they don't have to! Goodyears cost no more than any other tires you would put on your car.

The extra quality in Goodyears is extra value for your money. Their extra mileage, extra safety, extra stamina are a bonus—for which you pay nothing.

Get this extra something! Use Goodyears! Let us show you!

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